ENGLISH FOR IT- MIDTERM PREPARATION

LO 1 – VOCABULARY – 15 PTS - 30 MINUTES

<u>TOPICS:</u> COMPUTER ESSENTIALS (HARDWARE), INSIDE THE COMPUTER SYSTEM (PROCESSING AND MEMORY), INPUT DEVICES, OUTPUT DEVICES, BASIC SOFTWARE (OPERATING SYSTEM, GUI), APPLICATION SOFTWARE (WORD PROCESSING, SPREADSHEETS, DATABASES)

Learning and practicing material:

- Topic PPTS and PDF files on InfoEduca
- Remacha Esteras Santiago_Infotech_En_for_com_users_CAMBRIDGE UNITS 2,3,5,7,8,13,14,15
- Hill David ENGLISH FOR IT 2 Pearson UNITS 2,4
- Marks Jonathan Vocab Workbook EN for IT SECTION 1: HARDWARE; SECTION 2: SOFTWARE

Types of activities:

1. You have 15 words / word phrases and you need to use them in 10 given definitions (=5 words are extra)
Example: STYLUS – LASER - PEN
is a pen-like structure that allows users to select on the screen and eve draw on it.
Answer: STYLUS
2. You have 8 IT initialisms and need to write their full form. Spelling must be correct!
Example: BIOS
Answer: Basic input and output system
4. You have 15 words / word phrases and you need to use them in the 10 sentences to show you understand their meaning (=5 words are extra)
Example: PINCH – SPREAD - TAP
If you want to zoom out an image on your touchscreen, you should it.
Answer: PINCH

LO 2 – GRAMMAR – 15 PTS - 35 MINUTES
TOPICS:
4. DRECENT CIMPLE AND CONTIONHOUS

- 1. PRESENT SIMPLE AND CONTIONUOUS
- 2. PAST SIMPLE AND CONTINUOUS
- 3. RELATIVE PRONOUNS/ ADVERBS AND RELATIVE CLAUSES

Learning and practicing material:

- Algebra Grammar Book on InfoEduca
- Grammar PPTS on InfoEduca
- Grammar Homeworks on InfoEduca
- Online practice, especially test-english.com website

Types of activities:

1. Complete the sentences using who, whom, whose, which, that, where, when or no pronoun(/). In some sentences more than one answer may be possible.

EXAMPLES:

- That's the man _____offered me the job.
- He was a person for _____ everybody had great respect.

ANSWERS:

- who / that
- whom
- 2. Make one sentence by changing <u>the sentence in italics</u> into a relative clause. Please be careful about the use of commas.

EXAMPLE:

The victim said he didn't remember the accident. He suffered a concussion.

ANSWER:

The victim, who suffered a concussion, said he didn't remember the accident.

3. Complete the text using the verbs in brackets in the Present Simple or Present Continuous.
EXAMPLE:
Everything in this box to my grandfather. He it to me instead of my brother. (BELONG, GIVE)
ANSWERS: belongs, is giving
4. Complete the text by using the verbs from the box in the right place and the right tense - Past Simple or Past Continuous.
EXAMPLE: LOOK BE MEET TAKE TELL LISTEN
While I the train to work, I a familiar lady. She at me and me she remembers me from primary school. I to her voice and I couldn't believe it. It really Sarah, my childhood friend!
ANSWERS: While I WAS TAKING the train to work, I MET a familiar lady. She LOOKED at me and TOLD me she remembers me from primary school. I WAS LISTENING to her voice and I couldn't believe it. It really WAS Sarah, my childhood friend!
5. Complete the text by using the verbs in brackets in the right tense – Present Simple, Present Continuous, Past Simple or Past Continuous.
EXAMPLE: What for a living? – Well, he's a lawyer but he quit his old job and at the moment he for a new one. (YOUR DAD DO, LOOK) I on my report when the phone My wife to know when I home. (WORK, RING, WANT, COME)
ANSWERS: What DOES YOUR DAD DO for a living? — Well, he's a lawyer but he quit his old job and at the moment he IS LOOKING for a new one. I WAS WORKING on my report when the phone RANG. My wife WANTED to know when I WAS COMING home.